







Inaugural Genomic Sequencing Procurement and Supply Chain Community of Practice (CoP) Meeting

Genomic Sequencing PSM CoP Session 1

10th December, 2024

Welcome Remarks

Dr. Talkmore Maruta, Director of Program, ASLM

Dr. Collins Tanui, Africa CDC

Agenda

- CoP vision, objectives and structure
 - Edwin Shumba, ASLM
- II. Reflections: Key takeaways from the Addis and Abidjan sessions
 - Dr. Sarah Mwangi, Africa CDC
- III. Roadmap: Priority activities and Framework for the PSM CoP
 - DR. Sarah Mwangi, Africa CDC
- IV. Near term priority action items and progress to date
 - Edwin Shumba, ASLM
- V. Discussions All
- VI. Recap and Next Steps ASLM





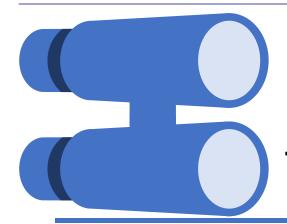




CoP vision, objectives and structure

Edwin Shumba, ASLM

CoP Vision and Objectives



Establish a platform to strengthen genomic sequencing PSCM, ensuring timely, cost-effective, and quality access to resources

Objectives:

- Discuss and advance priority interventions to address challenges with genomics procurement and supply chain
- Enhance knowledge sharing on PSCM best practices and the use of genomics
- Foster innovation in supply chain efficiency and sustainability
- Discuss and address rising issues impacting the supply and use of genomic sequencing
- Coordinate and align with other initiatives on genomics and PSCM



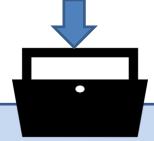






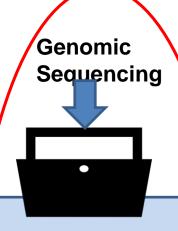


Tuberculosis diagnostics





COVID-19 Diagnostics and other Pathogens of public health importance



PEPFAR/ILB

Waste management

Sub CoP

RTSL/FIND/GLI

DNO

- OptiDx (data analysis for optimization)
- LabMap (data collection and infrastructure

Diagnostic integration

EDL/access to communities

WHO/PEPFAR

Monitoring & Evaluation

Electronic Return of results

Fleming F./RTSL

Quality management systems

Quality policy

EQA

QA of test in communities

BMGF/CHAI

PSCM

Genomics and Sequencing

LabCoP overall laboratory system strengthening

COP members

Procurement professionals from genomic labs



Representatives from funding agencies and NGOs.

IT specialists in inventory and logistics systems.

SUPPLY CHAIN
MANAGERS IN BIOTECH
AND HEALTHCARE
SECTORS

Researchers

&

lab managers

Technology vendors and suppliers

Scientists



Academics and subject matter experts (SMEs) in genomics and supply chain

Policy and compliance officers.









CoP Governance

□Steering Committee/ Secretariat:

 Oversees the CoP's strategy and ensures alignment with industry needs.

☐ Working Groups:

Time-bound deliverable focused subgroups .

□CoP Coordinator (ASLM) :

 Ensures smooth communication, organizes meetings, and tracks outcomes.









CoP Knowledge sharing mechanism

Platform for Collaboration:

 A secure online portal with discussion forums, document sharing, and real-time collaboration tools.

Events:

- Quarterly webinars and virtual workshops.
- Annual summit featuring keynote speakers and case studies.

Resource Library:

 Centralized repository for procurement policies, supplier scorecards, case studies, and white papers.

Mentorship and Peer Learning:

- Pairing junior members with experienced procurement professionals.
- Facilitating crossorganization job shadowing opportunities.

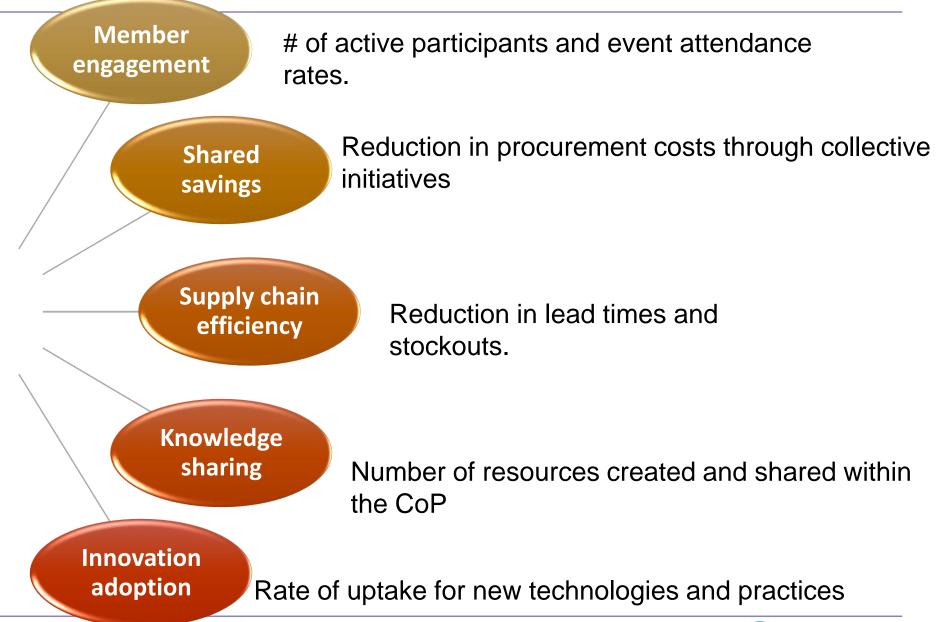














CoP Key

Indicators

performance









Key Takeaways from Addis, and Abidjan sessions and CoP Roadmap

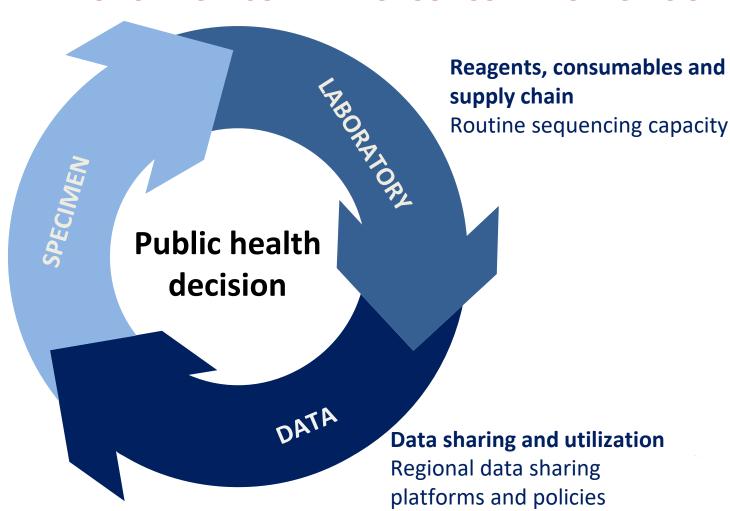
Dr Sarah Mwangi, Implementation Science Lead, Africa CDC

REFLECTIONS KEY TAKEAWAYS FROM THE ADDIS AND ABIDJAN SESSIONS

ROUTINE SURVEILLANCE: KEY PILLARS FOR MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND GENOMIC SEQIENCING

Specimen collection and biobanking

Strengthen capacity to collect and store specimens and metadata



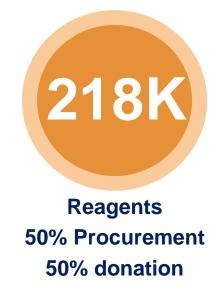
PSM LESSONS FROM IMPLEMENTING A CONTINENT-WIDE GENOMIC SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM



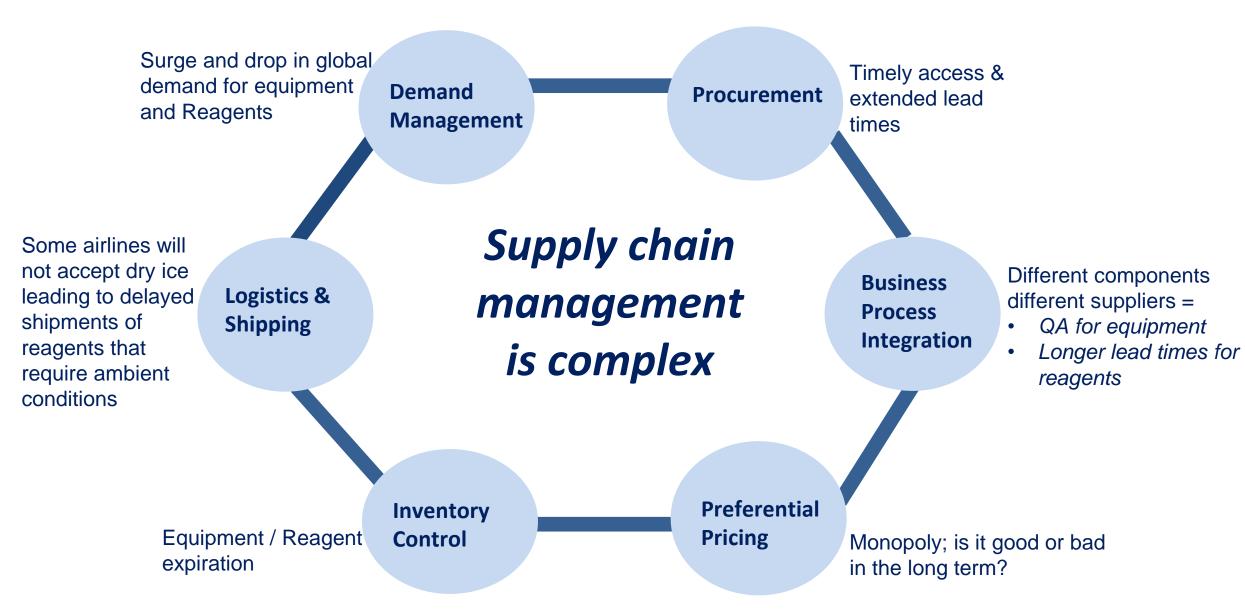








MEDICAL SUPPLY CHAINS ARE COMPLEX



AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS

CHALLENGES / GAPS

- Heterogenous regulatory landscape.
- Extended lead times for delivery of reagents.
- Paucity of channel partners.
- Cost: Sequencing is extremely expensive on a small scale.
- Local technical capacity/workforce for equipment

maintenance.

OPPORTUNITIES

- Negotiation with regulatory authorities.
- Data driven demand forecasting.
- •Introduction of more channel partners.
- Negotiated prices for bulk buying.
- •Expansion of local biomedical engineering capacity.

How do we leverage from the lessons learnt thus far to optimize the supply chain for molecular diagnostics and genomic surveillance?

AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS



Workshop On Optimisation Of Supply Chain For Genomic Surveillance In Africa (Dakar, February 2023)

AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS KEY TAKEAWAYS FROM THE DAKAR MEETING

EXPLORE - Urgent but low impact

- 1.Resource Center
- **4.Capacity development (**Supply Chain Management & procurement**)**

- 20. Regional Warehouse
- 21. Costina
- **22.** Outline flow of goods, information, and finances for the End to End SC from the raw material to the delivery of the final product

DO - Urgent and high impact

- 2. Forecasting Capacity development
- 3.Online forecasting and request system
- 8.Advocacy (Domestic funding and regulatory alignment)
- 9.Mapping | Landscape (regulatory)
- 11.Engagement (to develop a TWG)
- 15.Development of workflows (possible centralized SC tower)
- 16. Definition of use cases
- 17. Procurement & Supply Chain Management Tools (Forecasting and inventory Tool)
- 18. Courier's and customs officials to be sensitized on importance of cold chain

5.Supply chain framework

6.Africa PGI SC Forum

7.Capacity Development (engineers and field application specialists)

10. .Standardization (Processes i.e. Forecasting, Supply Planning)

12.Standardization (Regulatory Processes)

13.Advocacy (Regional mechanisms)

14.Local Manufacturing

19. Access to Pooled negotiation

Africa PGI SC Forum

Multi stakeholder Forum

DELEGATE – Not urgent & low impact

PLAN – Not urgent but high impact

AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS



Workshop For Future Fit - Genomic Sequencing Procurement And Supply Chains (Addis Ababa, July 2024)



AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS HYPOTHESISED SOLUTIONS & PROPOSED ACTIONS



Strengthening procurement capacity



Streamlining the regulatory environment



- Minimum required SLAs appropriate for guaranteed uptime of equipment
- Donation framework guidelines that ensure inclusion of SLAs
- Key principles of SLAs that can be shared with procurers to ensure basic plan is implemented
- National level engagement on SLAs by AfCDC

- Procurement digitalization
- Increase price transparency
- Development of a multi-country forecast to understand overall demand and order aggregation
- Development of competency tool kits for individuals and organizational design
- Strengthen and update national and regional policies related to a) procurement law, b) adoption of digital procurement, c) tax levies

- AMA registration and regional harmonization
- Genomic sequencing products to have zero or minimal duties
- Genomic sequencing products to be included in the EDLs

AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS

KEY COMPONENTS OF THE ROADMAP

Advocacy

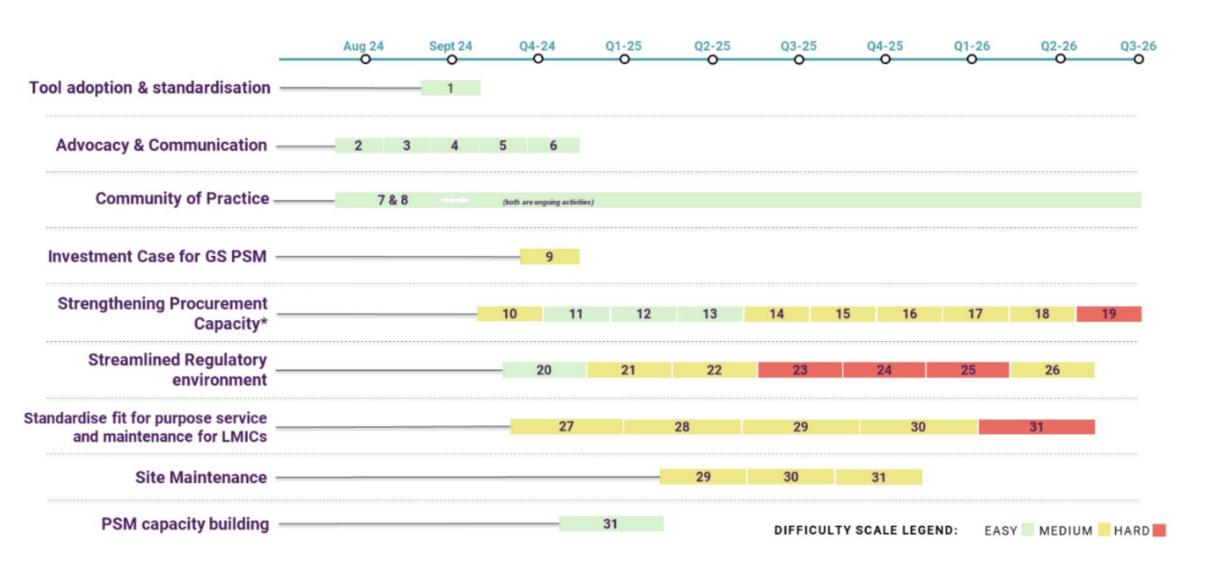
Strengthening Procurement Capacity

Improve Service
Level
Agreements

Streamlined Regulatory environment Investment case for Genomic Sequencing

Capacity Building

AFRICA-AWARE SOLUTIONS: HIGH-LEVEL ROADMAP



What have we achieved to date?

Edwin Shumba, ASLM

Advocacy Notes developed and finalised

Minimum requirements for SLA's

Africa CDC Advocacy Note

Service and Maintenance

Adoption and Implementation of Required Minimum Service Level Agreements (RMSLAs)

Executive Summary

Ensuring reliable equipment uptime is crucial for maintaining and protecting investments in advanced technologies, thereby guaranteeing uninterrupted research, surveillance, and clinical activities, ultimately leading to improved public health outcomes. ¹ However, many genomic sequencing (GS) laboratories across the African continent face disruptive downtime due to lengthy turnaround times (TAT) for service and maintenance support

Harmonised regulatory

Africa CDC Advocacy Note
Streamlined Regulatory Environment
Harmonized Registration for Genomic Sequencing Products

<u>Abstract</u>

The African Medicines Agency (AMA) has an opportunity to enhance its regulatory harmonization process by including Genomic Sequencing (GS) products, which are increasingly important for disease surveillance 1 and clinical use 2 , for example tracking drug resistance, and differentiating between relapse and reinfection 3 , especially for diseases like HIV and TB. Currently, the absence of GS products from the harmonization framework of AMA results in fragmented, costly, and slow country-specific registration processes, often delaying product availability in laboratories by up to 12 months. 4

Multi-country forecasting

Africa CDC Advocacy Note

Developing Multi-Country Forecasting:
The Key To Understanding Total Market Size/Demand

Abstract

Genomic sequencing (GS) in Africa has seen significant growth since the COVID-19 pandemic, now encompassing various pathogens and clinical applications to enhance public health outcomes ^{1,2}. Technological advancements and new funding sources are

Duty free waivers

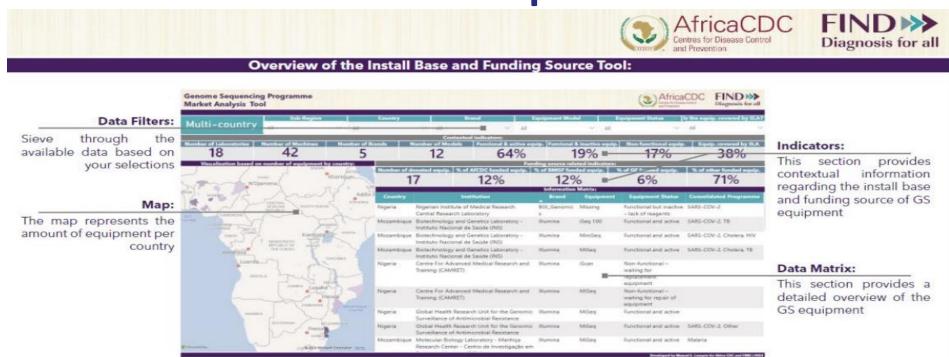
Communiqué: Genomic Sequencing Products Duty-Free Waivers

The Director General
African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA)
Africa Trade House, Ambassadorial Enclave
Liberia Road, Ridge, Accra
Ghana

Addis Ababa, October 2024

<u>Communiqué: Technical Support Request - Genomic Sequencing Products Duty-Free Waivers</u>

Genomic Sequencing Equipment Install Base Platform Developed



Overview of the Market Segmentation Tool: Genome Sequencing Programme Market Analysis Too **Data Filters:** Sieve through Indicators: available data based on 42 40.48% 26.19% 4.76% This section provides an your selections overview of the market and its segmentation waiting for repair of Functional but inactive SARS-COV-2 vitituto Nacional de Saude (INS) National Reference Laboratory Data Matrix: Map: The map represents the This section provides a MAYO Stational Robo Laboratory 136 amount of equipment per detailed overview of the Marchiguri Teaching Hisspital, Maidugue country GS equipment

Launch of the Community of Practice In Abidjan











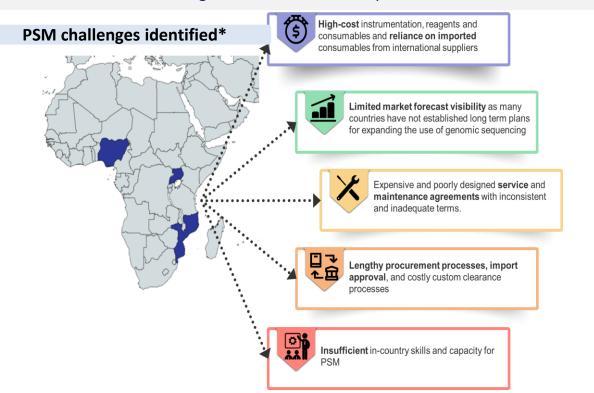


Africa CDC, CHAI and the Gates Foundation have kicked off a project to explore new procurement models for genomic sequencing and local manufacturing of laboratory consumables

Genomic sequencing technologies are transformative tools that could vastly improve the effectiveness of routine clinical care, surveillance, pandemic preparedness and response, antimicrobial resistance management, emerging cancer care, and other domains in human, animal and environmental health

Problem

Procurement and supply chain (PSM) challenges in Africa have constrained the ideal application of the genomic sequencing technology and threaten the long-term realization of its potential



Project Goal

To identify and pilot supply-side and demand-side procurement and supply chain solutions that make pathogen genomic sequencing in Africa a more viable and scalable solution

Approach (Nov'24 - Mar '26)

Phase 1: Co-design market shaping interventions in partnership with manufacturers and country governments

Phase 2: Pilot interventions in select countries

Phase 3: Disseminate learnings from the pilots and kick off market transformation

More reliable supply and service

Held sessions at the Global Health Supply Chain Conference, Lagos Nigeria, November 2024







Moderator **Dr Trevor Peter Senior Director** CHAI



Panel Discussion Genomic Sequencing Procurement and Supply Chain (PSM) Solutions for **Africa**

The panel will address solutions to ongoing PSM challenges in scaling genomic sequencing across the continent and expanding its use beyond surveillance and research. Key topics will include service and maintenance, alternative procurement models, local manufacturing, advocacy notes development and insights from country experiences and studies.











Manager FIND

Pragati Jaiswal Dr. Adesuyi Omoare Dr. Chika Onwuamał Mr. Felix Ofungwu Dr. Priscilla Abechi **Laboratory Network** Coordinator NCDC

Deputy Director NIMR

CEO ISN, Distributors

Manager Ilumina

GHSC 2024 | Ballroom 3 | 13 November 2024 | 16:45 - 18:00 (in person) Panel discussion will be followed by an 'Evening Mixer' starting 18:00 hrs

Near term priority action items: progress to date

Edwin Shumba, ASLM

CoP Near-Term Priorities: 3 – 6 months

Priority Area	Details	Leading entity
Delayed delivery of sequencing products for mPOX	Address immediate bottlenecks in delivery of emergency sequencing products affected countries	AfCDC, CHAI, Manufacturers, governments
Advancing of advocacy notes	 Communique Genomic Sequencing Duty Free Waivers Harmonized Registration for Genomic Sequencing Products Multi-country forecasting - key to understanding total market size and demand Required Minimum Service Level Agreements 	Africa CDC Supporting: ASLM, FIND
Strengthening procurement capacity	Adoption and expanding install base tool to other member states	ASLM Supporting : FIND, AfCDC
	Develop a multi-country forecast to understand the total market, overall demand and order aggregation	CHAI Supporting: ACDC, ASLM, Donors, PHI's, labs, CPS
	 Increase price transparency for Genome Sequencing products and services 	ASLM Supporting: CHAI, ACDC, Manufactures, CPs
	 Improve price transparency and consistency across countries (e.g. ceiling price for machines/reagents) 	ASLM

Cont...

Priority Area	Details	Leading entity
• Strengthening procurement capacity	Develop guidance to inform evidence-driven equipment selection and placement	ASLM Supporting: FIND, CHAI, governments, sequencing labs
•	Transition the utilisation of incoterms towards DDP or DAP	CHAI Supporting: ASLM, AfCDC
Streamlined Regulatory • environment	Include Genomic Sequencing products into the Essential Diagnostic List (EDL)	Country Lab directorates Supporting: ASLM
• Capacity Building	Draft up a proposal to establish capacity building programmes	ASLM Supporting: SMEs, sequencing centres of excellence

Open Discussion

Recap and Next Steps

Johnson Shonhe, ASLM

Closing Remarks









Thank you...